

# MONUSCO at a Glance

August 2014



## Protection of Civilians

### *Early Warning Mechanisms:*

- **25** MONUSCO Offices
- **2349** Early warnings received on imminent threats to civilians through our Community Alert Network
- **114497** Military patrols and escorts to protect civilians and deter negative forces
- **49** Local community protection plans established for efficient assistance to the most vulnerable persons

### *Human Resources – 2014/2015*

- 19815 Military contingents
- 760 Military observers
- 1441 Police personnel
- 1016 International civilian personnel
- 564 UN Volunteers
- 2798 Local civilian staff

**1999**

First deployment of MONUC peacekeepers

**8.73 billion USD**

Total spent since 1999-2014

**UNSC 2147 (2014)**

Current Mandate

**1. 38 billion**

Current Budget 2014-15

**Key Troop Contributing countries:**

India, Pakistan and Bangladesh

**Force Intervention Brigade**

2973 military personnel  
(Tanzania, Malawi, South African Republic)

***Peace it!***



## Protection of civilians (cont.): - 2013

### Human Rights

#### Main perpetrators

- **Armed groups**
- **Congolese army**
- **Congolese police**

#### Child protection

- **1722** children (**210** girls) separated from armed groups

#### Response

- **1536** Joint civilian and military missions to assess protection needs and human right abuses
- **58 judgments** rendered in mobile courts
- **1042 FARDC** screened for observance of human rights

#### Sexual violence

- **15654** reported cases of sexual violence in 2012
- **Only 184** persons convicted of rape charges between 2011and 2013.

### Human Rights Public Reports

- Report of UN Joint Human Rights Office (UNJHRO) on deaths in detention centers in DRC (**March 2013**)
- Report of UNJHRO on human rights violations perpetrated by FARDC soldiers and M23 at Minova and surrounding areas (**May 2013**)
- Report of OHCHR on the situation of human rights (**July 2013**)
- Report of the UNJHRO on violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms during the 2011 Elections (**December 2013**)

## Stabilization

### Disarmament Demobilization Reintegration (DDR/RR) - 2013

- **1595** Adult combatants processed in MONUSCO DDR facilities
- **464** Child soldiers demobilized by MONUSCO
- **1050** weapons and **42373** ammunitions recovered and destroyed
- Majority of ex-combatants were from **FDLR, M23 & Mayi-Mayi** groups.

### Challenges for Human Rights

- Lack of accountability mechanisms for members of the Congolese defense and security forces
- Lack of confidence in State institutions
- Deficiencies of the judicial system
- Non-execution of sentences
- Little or no compensation to victims
- Delay in the establishment of transitional justice mechanisms

### Islands of Stability

- **3** Islands of Stability created in North Kivu to immediately restore state authority in liberated areas through support to Police, Justice and local administration
- Extra **4.5 Million USD** dedicated to support immediate social recovery and construction of infrastructure in liberated areas.

### International Strategy:

- The International Security and Stabilization Support Strategy (**ISSSS**) partnered with the DRC Government Stabilization and Reconstruction Plan for War-Affected Areas (**STAREC**) for the implementation of more than **39** projects worth about **361 million USD**.

### HIV/AIDS\*

- **613** ex-combatants sensitized on HIV/AIDS and sexual based violence
- **14498** internally displaced persons sensitized on HIV/AIDS
- **2874** inmates sensitized on HIV/AIDS
- **1208** military and police officers trained on HIV/AIDS
- **298** Peer-educators trained in East DRC



## Consolidation of Peace

### Military, Police and Justice Reform (2011-2013)

- **1** Modern military training facility in Kisangani constructed (CETB)
- **6** Modern Police Training and accommodation facilities constructed
- **61** Police stations/border posts rehabilitated
- **2221** Judges, Prosecutors and court officers trained
- **4372** male and **280** female national police officers trained on community policing and securing of elections

### National Benchmarks

In 2013, the Government of DRC committed to **reconciliation, institutional reform and the restoration of state authority** across its territory. A **National Oversight Mechanism** has been established to monitor progress.

### Economic development

- **8.5 %** Economic growth
- **17.2 Billion** USD GDP
- **1.07 %** inflation rate as per Government (rate is contested by economic actors))
- **71.3%** of the population live below the poverty line
- **50 years** = Life expectancy at birth
- **430\$** Gross National Income per capita
- **3% of GDP devoted to Education**

### Natural Resources:

- An estimated **500.000 artisanal miners** in eastern DRC produce indirect revenue to about **10 million people across DRC**.
- Most of the artisanal miners make between **1 and 2 dollars** per day.
- DRC has the **second biggest copper reserve in the world**.
- **50 % of the world's cobalt** is produced in DRC
- *New Africa Magazine* estimates that the overall mineral resources in DRC is currently worth **24 000 Billion Dollars**.
- All armed groups in DRC, and several FARDC elements are involved in the illegal exploitation of natural resources (taxation, forced labour, smuggling).
- Charcoal and wildlife are also illegally exploited.

### Humanitarian - 2013

- **2.9 million** Internally displaced persons
- **201,000** Refugees in DRC
- **439,000** Congolese refugees in neighboring African countries
- **6.7 million** food insecure people in DRC

### State Authority - 2013

- **1781** civil servants trained on decentralization and work ethics
- **1029** local authorities and civil society representatives trained on conflict resolution mechanisms
- **24** workshops organized for **161 civil society organizations** on civil education, with a particular focus on **women and youth**

### Summary Timeline

- **1996-1997**  
First Congo War
- **1998-2003**  
Second Congo War
- **1999**  
First deployment of MONUC Forces
- **2006**  
First multiparty Elections since independence
- **2008**  
CNDP Rebels march towards Goma
- **2011**  
Second general elections
- **2012**  
M23 Rebels seize Goma
- **2013**  
Deployment of MONUSCO Force Intervention Brigade
- **2013**  
Demise of M23
- **2013**  
Peace, Security and Cooperation Framework

*Peace it!*



## Mission de l'Organisation des Nations Unies pour la Stabilisation en République démocratique du Congo

MONUSCO

## United Nations Organisation Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of Congo

12, Avenue des Aviateurs - Gombe  
Kinshasa, RD Congo - BP 8811

Tél. +243 81 890 5000  
+243 81 890 6000

## PROTECT

## STABILIZE

## CONSOLIDATE PEACE

